## ORDERING FRACTIONS

A fraction consists of two numbers separated by a line.
The top number (or numerator) tells how many fractional pieces there are. In the fraction 3/8, we have three pieces.

The denominator of a fraction tells how many pieces a whole object was divided into. The fraction $3 / 8$ tells us that the whole object was divided into 8 pieces.

How to compare and order fractions:

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| largest For ex |  |  |
| $5 / 8$ is pieces |  | Id five |
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$1 / 3$ are being compared, $1 / 3$ should be multiplied by $4 / 4$. It does not change the value of $1 / 3$ to be multiplied by $4 / 4$ (which is equal to 1 ) because any number multiplied by 1 is still the same number. After the multiplication ( $1 / 3$ * $4 / 4=4 / 12$ ), the comparison can be made between $5 / 12$ and $4 / 12$.

You may have to multiply both fractions by different numbers to produce the same denominator for both fractions. For example if $2 / 3$ and $3 / 4$ are compared, we need to multiply $2 / 3$ by $4 / 4$ to give $8 / 12$ and multiply $3 / 4$ by $3 / 3$ to give $9 / 12$. The fraction $3 / 4$ which is equal to $9 / 12$ is larger than $2 / 3$, which is equal to $8 / 12$.

The fraction with the larger numerator is the larger fraction if the denominators are the same.

## Try This!

## Compare and Order the following fractions:

$1 / 4,3 / 4,4 / 4,2 / 4=$ $\qquad$
$7 / 9,3 / 9,1 / 9,5 / 9=$ $\qquad$

## 1/2, 2/= <br> /4, 7/8 <br> $$
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