## PLANE FIGURES: CLOSED FIGURE RELATIONSHIPS

Plane figures in regards to closed figure relationships refer to the coordinate plane and congruent figures, circles, circle graphs, transformations and symmetry.

- Congruent figures have the same size and shape. By using coordinates on the coordinate plane, figures can be proven congruent.
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PREVIEW

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- Lines of symmetry break a figure into equal parts that are mirror images of each other.


## How to use plane figures: closed figure relationships

Congruent figures have the same size and shape. Two figures drawn on a coordinate plane can be congruent. Circles can be congruent if they also have the same size and shape.

For example, are the circles congruent?


Transformations are translations, rotations and reflections.

- A translation moves a figure while maintaining its size and shape. If a figure is drawn in the coordinate plane, the coordinates can be translated or moved. A translation of 4 units to the right and 3 units up can be found by adding 4 to the $\times$ coordinate and adding 3 to the $y$ coordinate of each point in the original figure.
- A rotation turns a figure a certain number of degrees about a point in a figure. For example, what would a $90^{\circ}$ counter-clockwise rotation about point A look like?


The rectangle when rotated, retains its size and shape, but is turned. The point $B$ has been turned $90^{\circ}$ to become point $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$.

- $\boldsymbol{A}$



## PREVIEW

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Line of symmetry breaks a figure into equal parts that are mirror images. A heart has vertical line symmetry because it is the only way to break a heart into equal parts that are mirror images of each other.

## Try This!

1. Are the figures shown congruent?

2. If a circle graph represents 150 students and 99 are girls, what percent are girls?
3. 


5. What does the letter $U$ in quadrant $I$, look like when it is reflected in the $x$-axis?
6. How many lines of symmetry does the letter I have?

