

SIMILARITY AND SCALE

Similarity refers to similar figures and the ability to compare them using proportions.

- Similar figures have equal corresponding angles and corresponding sides that are in proportion.
- A proportion equation can be used to prove two figures to be similar.
- If two figures are similar, the proportion equation can be used to find a missing side of one of the figures.



As similar figures use ratios to find the measure of missing sides of a figure, **trigonometric ratios** can be used to find the measure of missing sides or angles of a **right triangle**.

• The trigonometric ratios are **sine**, **cosine and tangent**. Each stands for a certain ratio that when used can determine the measure of a missing side or angle of a right triangle.



How to use similarity and scale

When two figures are said to be **similar**, it means that their sides are in proportion and their angles are equal.





To find the ratios, a certain angle must be specified.

For example, what are the trigonometric ratios for angle A?



• The trigonometric ratios can be used to solve for missing sides or



To find the measure of sin 36°, use a calculator. To find what angle B is, use a calculator to find the inverse sin of .3846, this will give the needed information to solve for angle B.



Try This!

1. Two rectangles are **similar**; what is the length of the missing side?



2. A map has a **scale** of 1/2 inch = 12 miles. If two cities are 65 miles apart, how far is that on a ruler?



