

FORCES IN FLUIDS

Calculating Pressure

Pressure is calculated by dividing force by area and is measured in units called **pascals**. For an example, if a force of 10 newtons was exerted over an area of 2 square centimeters, the pressure would be 5 pascals.

Lesson Checkpoint:

What is pressure and how is it calculated?

Pressure in Fluids

In **fluids**, which are substances that can flow, pressure is the sum of each

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Lesson Checkpoint:

What effect does a change in elevation or depth have on fluid pressure?

Buoyancy

Buoyancy, or the tendency to float, is the result of unequal fluid pressure exerted on a person or object. At the surface, fluid pressure is greater under an object than above the object with the net result being an upward or buoyant force.

If the **density** of an object is too great, it will not be able to float. Density is the amount of mass per unit of volume. Since gravity has the effect of pulling down objects of greater mass, some objects will sink because the buoyant force upwards is not strong enough to overcome the force of gravity. Density can be calculated by dividing the mass of an object by its volume.

Lesson Checkpoint:

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This principle forms the basis for **hydraulic** equipment. In a machine operated by hydraulics, pressure on a confined fluid gets transferred to a larger surface. The result is a large increase in force on that surface.

Bernoulli's Principle

According to **Bernoulli's** principle, when the speed of a fluid is increased, the pressure in that fluid decreases. This principle is the basis for how a plane lifts off the ground and flies. The wings of a plane are designed so that the fluid *above* the wing, which is air, goes faster than the air *below* the wing. The result is a decrease in downward pressure on the plane. When this occurs, the pressure lifting the plane becomes greater than the pressure pushing down on the plane. At this point, the plane is able to take off and as long as it holds its speed, it will stay up despite the force of gravity.



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Lesson Checkpoint:
Explain Pascal's Law and Bernoulli's Principle

