

Our Solar System



Name Class Date Match each of the following terms to its definition: Solar flare Radiative zone Sunspot Photosphere Asteroid Nuclear fusion Accretion Terrestrial planets - the process by which hydrogen atoms join together in the Sun's core to form helium and release a large amount of energy **2.** - the surface of the Sun that we are able to see convectiv 4. **PREVIEW** the Sun's Please Sign In or Sign Up to download the printable version of this worksheet 5. of the Su - the four rocky inner planets closest to the Sun; Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars - the process by which dust particles collide, stick together and form larger particles - a rocky body that circles the Sun in an area between Mars and Jupiter



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Match each of the following terms to its definition:			
Solar flare	Radiative zone	Sunspot	Photosphere
Nuclear fusion	Asteroid	Accretion	Terrestrial planets
1. nuclear fusion - the protection the Sun's core to form help			described by the state of the s
2. photosphere - the surface of the Sun that we are able to see			
3. radiat the conve		ABC	
4. solar Sun's ma	PREV	IFW/	
	e <u>Sign In</u> or <u>Si</u>	gn Up to dowr n of this work	
6. terrestrial planets - the Mercury, Venus, Earth and	\ \ \ \ \ -	ets closest to the Sun;	Mercuy Venus Mars
7. accretion - the process form larger particles	by which dust particle	s collide, stick together	and G
8. asteroid - a rocky body Jupiter	that circles the Sun in	an area between Mars	and