



Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

Match each of the following terms to its definition:

Abyssal zone

Conduction

Continental shelf

Black smokers

Continental margin

Benthic environment

Abyssal plain

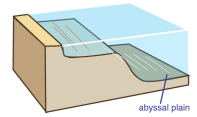
Continental drift

1. one object to another

- the transfer of heat energy from the contact of



2. - the broad, flat, deepest portion of the ocean



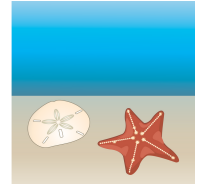
3. life and limited animal life

- the deepest zone in the ocean that has no plant



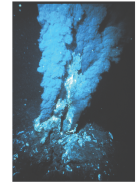
4. ocean floor and all the marine organisms that live on it

- the marine environment that refers to the



5. the hot water comes from deep in the ocean crust and is heated by magma underneath

- hot-water vents that form deep in the ocean;



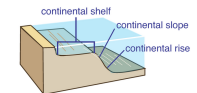
6. mantle and have moved relative to one another over geologic time

- an early theory that the continents float on the



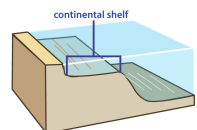
7. which consists of the continental shelf, slope and rise

- the portion of the continent under the ocean



8. shoreline and gradually deepens toward the open ocean

- the region of the ocean floor that begins at the





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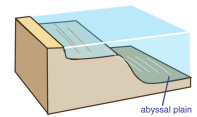
Abyssal plain

Continental drift

1. conduction - the transfer of heat energy from the contact of one object to another



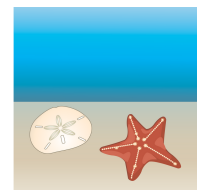
2. abyssal plain - the broad, flat, deepest portion of the ocean



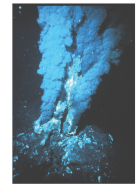
3. abyssal zone - the deepest zone in the ocean that has no plant life and limited animal life



4. benthic environment - the marine environment that refers to the ocean floor and all the marine organisms that live on it



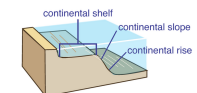
5. black smokers - hot-water vents that form deep in the ocean; the hot water comes from deep in the ocean crust and is heated by magma underneath



6. continental drift - an early theory that the continents float on the mantle and have moved relative to one another over geologic time



7. continental margin - the portion of the continent under the ocean which consists of the continental shelf, slope and rise



8. continental shelf - the region of the ocean floor that begins at the shoreline and gradually deepens toward the open ocean

