Earthquakes

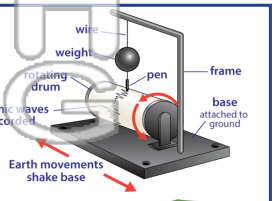
Name_____ Class_____ Date_____

Match each of the following terms to its definition:

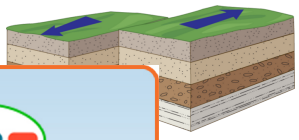
Seismograph | Tension | Syncline | Strike-slip fault

Surface waves | Anticline | Stress | Shearing

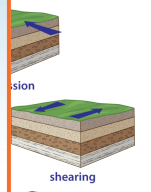
1. _____ - a machine that measures the strength and arrival times of seismic waves from an earthquake



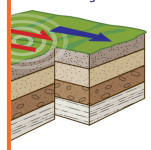
2. _____ - stress created when two tectonic plates push in opposite directions causing rock to slide or break



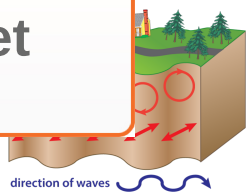
3. _____ pulling o



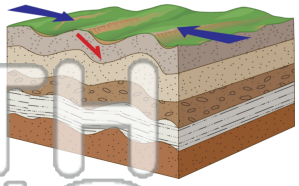
4. _____ experien boundari



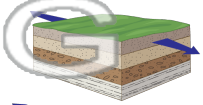
5. _____ crust in a

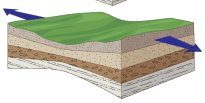


6. _____ - the downward folding of rock that forms a valley

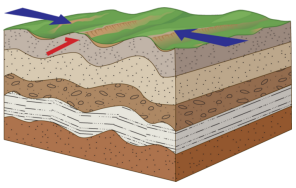


7. _____ - stress created when two tectonic plates are moving apart causing rock to pull and stretch





8. _____ - the upward folding of rock that forms arches



Earthquakes

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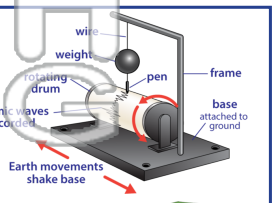
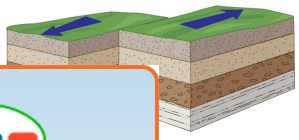
Surface waves | Anticline | Stress | Shearing

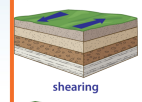
1. seismograph - a machine that measures the strength and arrival times of seismic waves from an earthquake



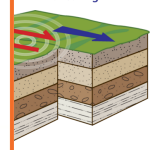
2. shearing - stress created when two tectonic plates push in opposite directions causing rock to slide or break



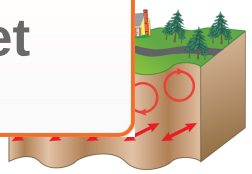
3. stress - rocks



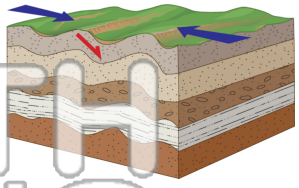
4. strike - experien boundari



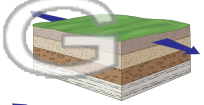
5. surfa - crust in a

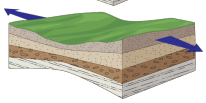


6. syncline - the downward folding of rock that forms a valley



7. tension - stress created when two tectonic plates are moving apart causing rock to pull and stretch





8. anticline - the upward folding of rock that forms arches