



Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

1. **Respiration** is best described as a process by which

- A necessary nutrients are circulated
- B hydrogen is used to synthesize glucose
- C metabolic wastes are absorbed
- D chemical energy is converted into a usable form

2. **1. glucose + 2 ATP → 2 pyruvic acid + 4 ATP**
2. 2 pyruvic acid + oxygen → carbon dioxide + water + 34 ATP

Two molecules of **ATP** are needed in **equation 1** so that

- A oxygen is added to hydrogen in glucose
- B energy needed to activate this reaction is provided
- C energy needed to trap radiant energy is provided
- D glucose is split into hydrogen

3. **1. glucose + 2 ATP → 2 pyruvic acid + 4 ATP**
2. 2 pyruvic acid + oxygen → carbon dioxide + water + 34 ATP

In animals, the reaction in **equation 2** occurs in the

4. **1. glucose + 2 ATP ^Y → 2 pyruvic acid + 4 ATP**
2. 2 pyruvic acid + oxygen ^Y → carbon dioxide + water + 34 ATP


What does **letter Y** represent?



PREVIEW

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7. **B** hydrolysis
C photosynthesis
D respiration



B Carbon dioxide reacts with hydrogen.
C PGAL molecules are changed to sugar.
D Oxygen is combined with carbon dioxide.

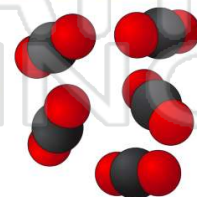
9. The synthesis of carbohydrates occurs in the **stroma** of **chloroplasts**. This process uses **energy** supplied by

- A ATP
- B CO₂
- C PGAL
- D O₂



10. One immediate cause of a decrease in the rate of **photosynthesis** is a **reduction** in the availability of

- A carbon dioxide
- B carbon monoxide
- C hydrogen
- D nitrogen





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1. **Respiration** is best described as a process by which

A necessary nutrients are circulated
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D

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Two molecules of **ATP** are needed in **equation 1** so that

A oxygen is added to hydrogen in glucose
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B

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2. 2 pyruvic acid + oxygen → carbon dioxide + water + 34 ATP

In animals, the reaction in **equation 2** occurs in the

C

4. **1. glucose + 2 ATP \xrightarrow{Y} 2 pyruvic acid + 4 ATP**
2. 2 pyruvic acid + oxygen \xrightarrow{Y} carbon dioxide + water + 34 ATP

What does **letter Y** represent?

A



D

PREVIEW

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A

B hydrolysis
C photosynthesis
D respiration

B Carbon dioxide reacts with hydrogen.
C PGAL molecules are changed to sugar.
D Oxygen is combined with carbon dioxide.

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A ATP
B CO₂
C PGAL
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A

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A carbon dioxide
B carbon monoxide
C hydrogen
D nitrogen

A