

## **Chemical Reactions**



Name Class Date Given the reaction at equilibrium: Given the reaction:  $A(g) + B(g) \rightleftharpoons C(g) + D(g)$  $2SO_2(g) + O_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2SO_3(g)$ The addition of a catalyst will The value of the equilibrium constant shift the equilibrium to the right B shift the equilibrium to the left pressure c increase the rate of forward and temperature reverse reactions equally concentration of SO<sub>2</sub>(g) **D** have no effect on the forward or concentration of SO<sub>3</sub>(g) rse reactions Given the reaction: Given the reaction: 3  $Zn(s) + 2HCI(aq) \rightarrow Zn^{2+}(aq) + 2CI^{-}(aq) + H_2(g)$  $Fe(s) + 2HCI(aq) \rightarrow FeCI_2(aq) + H_2(g)$ If the concentration of the HCl(aq) is increased, In this reaction, 5 grams of powdered iron the frequency of reacting collisions will 5 **PREVIEW** Please Sign In or Sign Up to download the printable version of this worksheet 7 An increase in the concentration of A2(g) will At which temperature will the reaction occur at the greatest rate? A decrease the production of AB(g) decrease the frequency of collisions A 25°C between A2(g) and B2(g) 50°C increase the production of B2(q) 75°C increase the frequency of collisio 100°C between A (g 9 Given the reaction: electrochemical cell?  $F_2(g) + 2Br^{-}(aq) \rightarrow Br_2(l) + 2F^{-}(aq)$ In the reaction, the oxidizing agent is A a reduction reaction, only B an oxidation reaction, only  $\mathbf{A} \, \mathbf{F}_2(\mathbf{g})$ C a chemical reaction produced by an B Br (aq) electric current C Br<sub>2</sub>(I) D a chemical reaction that produces an **D** F-(aq) electric current



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