

Electricity and magnetism



Name Class Date What are the two main types In a parallel circuit, if one bulb goes out, what happens to the other bulb? of current? A the other bulb will go out CG and DD AC and D the other bulb will shatter C AD and CD the other bulb will stay lit the other bulb would D AA and Q become dimmer 3 An electric current that reverses its Electric current flowing in one direction direction at regular intervals is called is called DC, or _ AC, or 5 **PREVIEW** Please Sign In or Sign Up to download the printable version of this worksheet 7 A its contents are batteries used in a car. a powder A big cell battery B its contents can B small cell battery be spilled its contents are frozen C dry cell batter D wet cell battery its contents cannot be spilled is a safety device that What device allows electricity to be 9 has a metal wife which melts and stops transmitted over long distances at a the electrical current from flowing fast rate of speed? through the circuit when the current becomes too strong. high-voltage transmission lines A switch 2,400 V 120 V **B** fuse **C** transformer C wire A fuse **B** circuit outlet **D** circuit



Electricity and magnetism



Class_ Name Date What are the two main types In a parallel circuit, if one bulb goes out, what happens to the other bulb? of current? A the other bulb will go out CG and DD B AC and D the other bulb will shatter C AD and CD the other bulb will stay lit the other bulb would D AA and Q become dimmer 3 An electric current that reverses its Electric current flowing in one direction direction at regular intervals is called is called DC, or _ AC, or D 5 **PREVIEW** A Please Sign In or Sign Up to download the printable version of this worksheet 7 A its contents are batteries used in a car. a powder D D A big cell battery B its contents can B small cell battery be spilled its contents are frozen C dry cell batter D wet cell battery its contents cannot be spilled is a safety device that What device allows electricity to be 9 has a metal wife which melts and stops transmitted over long distances at a the electrical current from flowing fast rate of speed? through the circuit when the current B becomes too strong. high-voltage transmission lines A switch 2,400 V 120 V **B** fuse **C** transformer A fuse C wire **B** circuit outlet **D** circuit