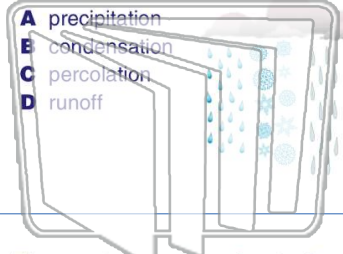




Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

1 In the water cycle, the process by which **water vapor cools** and becomes **liquid droplets** of water is called _____.



- A precipitation
- B condensation
- C percolation
- D runoff

2 Water returns to earth's surface as **rain, snow, hail, and sleet**. These are different forms of _____.

- A runoff
- B percolation
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3 The **constant moving of water** from earth's surface, into the atmosphere, back to the earth's surface, and into bodies of water is called _____.

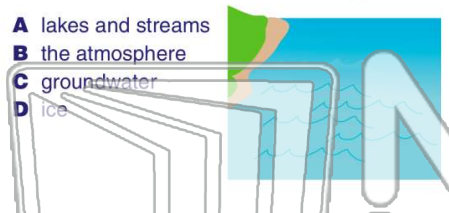
4 **Evaporation** is the part of the water cycle in which water becomes vapor and moves up into the atmosphere. **From where** does water evaporate?



PREVIEW

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7 water on the earth?



- A lakes and streams
- B the atmosphere
- C groundwater
- D ice

A geographical **region of land** that includes its **main river** or rivers and all the **tributaries** that feed the rivers is called _____.



- A a lowland
- B a continental divide
- C a drainage basin or watershed
- D a delta

9 A **high** geographical region, such as a mountain chain, that **separates** different watersheds (also called drainage basins) is known as _____.



- A a tributary
- B a divide
- C an artesian well
- D an aquifer

10 **Tributaries** are part of a watershed (or drainage basin). They are _____.

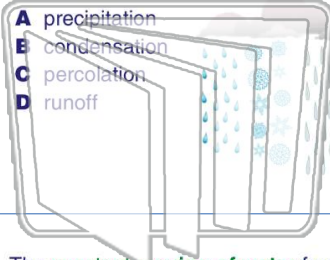
- A triangular shaped sections of rivers and land emptying into a body of water
- B sections of rushing water due to sharp declines in elevation
- C smaller streams that feed water into larger rivers
- D high geographical regions that separate watersheds





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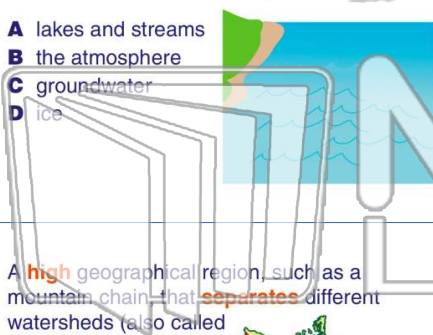


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