

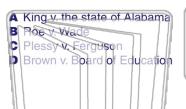
Civil Rights



Name Class Date



Which case established **separate but equal** status as constitutional?



The bulk of the American Civil Rights
Movement took place in which century?



In which year did Rosa Parks refuse to move to the back of a Montgomery bus, signifying one of the first nonviolent



Who was the leader of the **Southern Christian Leadership Conference**?



PREVIEW

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A 1942
B 1918
C 1971
D 1967
B false
What does the SNCC stand for which previous civil rights case?

- 9
- A Muller v. Oregon
- B Plessy v. Ferguson
- C the Dred Scott decision
- D Griswold v. Connecticut

- ▲ Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee
- B Southern Nonviolent Christian Coalition
- C Southern Network Committee on Civility
- D Students National Colored Committee



Civil Rights



Name Class Which case established separate but The bulk of the American Civil Rights Movement took place in which century? equal status as constitutional? A King v. the state of Alabama A seventeenth D B Roe v. Wade **B** eighteenth Plessy v. Ferguson C nineteenth **D** twentieth Brown v. Board of Education 3 In which year did Rosa Parks refuse to Who was the leader of the Southern 4 move to the back of a Montgomery bus, **Christian Leadership Conference?** signifying one of the first nonviolent 5 **PREVIEW** A Please Sign In or Sign Up to download the printable version of this worksheet 7 illegal. A 1942 True or false? **B** 1918 C 1971 1967 **B** false 9 Brown v. Board of Education overturned What does the SNCC stand for which previous civil rights case? A Student Nonviolent Coordinating A Muller v. Oregon Committee B Plessy v. Ferguson **B** Southern Nonviolent Christian C the Dred Scott decision Coalition D Griswold v. Connecticut C Southern Network Committee on Civility **D** Students National Colored Committee